Frequency and amplitude variations of oscillation modes in the hot B subdwarf star KIC 10139564 First evidence of resonant mode couplings in sdB star?

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2 Frequency and amplitude modulations





Hot B subdwarf stars (Heber, 2009)

Evolved helium core burning stars hot: $T_{eff} \sim 22\ 000 - 40\ 000 \text{K}$ compact: $\log g \sim 5.2 - 6.2$ low mass: $\approx 0.47\ M_{\odot}$ and a thin envelop (Fontaine et al. 2012).

Two types of sdB pulsator:

1, V361 Hya: short period *p*-mode oscillations, several minutes (Kilkenny et al. 1997);

2, **V1093 Her**: about 1–4 hours, *g*-mode oscillations (Green et al. 2003);

and some are **hybrid stars** with pulsating both in p- and g-mode (Schuh et al. 2006).

Introduction \rightarrow frequency splitting by sdB pulsators' rotation

The frequencies split are computed up to 2nd orders with,

$$\nu_m = \nu_0 + m\Delta\nu + 0.5m^2\delta\nu. \tag{1}$$

The first order $\Delta \nu$ is calculated as,

$$\Delta \nu = (1 - C)\overline{\Omega},\tag{2}$$

and the second order splits $\delta \nu$ are approximated (Goupil et al. 1998),

$$\delta\nu = 4C \left(\frac{\overline{\Omega}}{\nu_0}\right)^2 \nu_0. \tag{3}$$

For the observed frequencies, the second order splits $\delta\nu_{obs}$ are calculated as,

$$\delta\nu_{obs} = \nu_{+} + \nu_{-} - 2\nu_{0}.$$
 (4)



For l = 1 triplet modes, the amplitude equation (Buchler et al. 1995, 1997):

$$\frac{dA_{-}}{dt} = \kappa_{-}A_{-} + R_{-}A_{0}^{2}A_{+}\cos(\Phi - \delta_{-})$$

$$-A_{-}(q_{11}A_{-}^{2}+q_{12}A_{0}^{2}+q_{13}A_{+}^{2})$$
 (5a)

$$\frac{dA_0}{dt} = \kappa_0 A_0 + R_0 A_0 A_+ A_- \cos(\Phi + \delta_0)$$

$$-A_0(q_{21}A_-^2 + q_{22}A_0^2 + q_{23}A_+^2)$$
 (5b)

$$\frac{dA_+}{dt} = \kappa_+ A_+ + R_+ A_0^2 A_- \cos(\Phi - \delta_+)$$

$$-A_{+}(q_{31}A_{-}^{2}+q_{32}A_{0}^{2}+q_{33}A_{+}^{2})$$
 (5c)

$$\frac{\Phi}{t} = \delta \nu - 2R_0 A_- A_+ \sin(\Phi - \delta_0)
+ A_0 (R_- \frac{A_+}{A_-} \sin(\Phi - \delta_-))
+ R_+ \frac{A_-}{A_+} \sin(\Phi - \delta_+))$$
(5d)

Three regimes

- Frequency lock (RMC1): amplitude A_+ , A_0 and A_- are constant, most case with $A_+/A_- \neq 1$. Frequencies in triplet are equally spaced, e.g. $\nu_+ + \nu_- = 2\nu_0$.
- Intermediate regime (RMC2): The oscillation modes undergo periodic (irregular, even chaostic) amplitude and frequency modulations. $P_{mod} \sim 1/\delta\nu$.
- Nonresonant regime (RMC3): Far away from resonance, no (tiny) interaction between components in the triplet.

Groud-based observations

- ✓ White dwarf GD 358 (Goupil et al. 1998)
- ✓ PG 0122+200 (Vauclair et al. 2011).

Kepler observations

• DBV KIC 08626021: near two-year-observation without interruption (Zong et al. 2015).



Kepler: **18sdB pulsators** \rightarrow most are *g*-mode dominated and 1 is *p*-mode dominated. (Østensen et al. 2014 and references therein)

SdB star KIC10139564

- → Discovered in Q2.1 and continuously observed for 38-month
- → V361 Hya type with additional one low-amplitude g-mode oscillation (Kawaler et al. 2010)
- → 57 perodicities and several multiplets (Baran et al. 2012)
- → Common spacing multiplets → rotating period of 25.6±1.8 d



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Frequency content of KIC 10139564



Prewhitening frequencies by Program Felix (Charpinet et al. 2010)

- ✓ new detection threshold of 5.6 σ level
- multiplets:
 pay particular
 attention
- → independend frequencies
- → frequency group (Baran et al. 2012)

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Narrow hysteresis regime of RMC?

- One component shows amplitude increasing
- Constant frequency

Frequency lock of RMC

Amplitude and frequency of the 3 components are stable during the 38-month *Kepler* observations.





Intermediate regime of RMC

No numerical solutions for two components with one is the central one in the incomplete triplet

- Amplitude varying
- Frequency constant

Intermediate regime of RMC

Amplitude and frequency modulations (no existing numerical exploration for l = 2 quintuplet).



Frequency and amplitude variations in sdB KIC 10139564

We found frequency and amplitude modulations in sdB star KIC10139564, thanks to the high quality and long duration data obtained from *Kepler* spacecraft.

The first evidence of resonant mode coupling in sdB star

Those frequency and amplitude modulations suggest that one sees the 3 different regimes of nonlinear resonant mode coupling mechanism.

Intermediate regime in sdB star KIC 10139564

The intermediate regime occuring on a timescale of several years may pave the way to new diagnosis of the first measure of the growth rate of the oscillation modes in sdB stars.

- Seismic models on sdB star KIC 10139564
- Searching for other resonant coupling like: $\nu_1 \sim \nu_2 + \nu_3$

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Image: A math and A math and

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Thank you!

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